

# What the com-lihaoyi platform needs from Scala

Li Haoyi, Nov 5 2024, EPFL Lausanne

# 0.1 About Me

Open Source Developer since 2012

- Projects with >10,000 stars on github
- Ammonite, Mill, uPickle, OS-Lib, Requests-Scala, FastParse, Scalatags, ScalaSql, MainArgs, ...

Prior Devtools at Dropbox, Databricks

- Static Analysis, Build Tooling, Cloud CI Systems, Cloud Dev Environments, Github Workflows, Multicloud Test Infrastructure, Backend servers

Author of Hands-on Scala Programming



# What the com-lihaoyi platform needs from Scala

1. What is the com-lihaoyi platform
2. Why the com-lihaoyi platform?
3. How com-lihaoyi uses Scala today
4. What com-lihaoyi needs from Scala going forward

# What the com-lihaoyi platform needs from Scala

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(2024) ScalaSql: *SQL Query Library*

## 1.1 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

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Largely a self-contained platform

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## 1.2 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
body(  
  div(  
    h1(id:="title", "This is a title"),  
    p("This is a big paragraph of text")  
  )  
)  
  
<body>  
  <div>  
    <h1 id="title">This is a title</h1>  
    <p>This is a big paragraph of text</p>  
  </div>  
</body>
```

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## 1.3 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
def eval(tree: (Int, Seq[(String, Int)])): Int = ???  
  
def number[$: P] =  
  P(CharIn("0-9").rep(1).!).map(_.toInt)  
  
def parens[$: P] = P("(" ~/ addSub ~ ")")  
def factor[$: P] = P(number | parens)  
  
def divMul[$: P] =  
  P(factor ~ (CharIn("*/").!. ~/ factor).rep).map(eval)  
  
def addSub[$: P] =  
  P(divMul ~ (CharIn("+\\-").!. ~/ divMul).rep).map(eval)  
  
def expr[$: P]: P[Int] = P(addSub ~ End)  
  
fastparse.parse("((1+1*2)+(3*4*5))/3", expr(_))  
// Parsed.Success(21, _)
```

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## 1.4 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
object HelloTests extends TestSuite{
    val tests = Tests{
        test("test1"){
            throw new Exception("test1")
        }
        test("test2"){
            val a = List[Byte](1, 2)
            assert(a(0) == 1)
        }
    }
}
```

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## 1.5 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
// JSON
write(Seq(1, 2, 3))      ==> "[1,2,3]"

read[Seq[Int]]("[1,2,3]") ==> List(1, 2, 3)

// MsgPack
writeBinary(Seq(1, 2, 3)) ==>
  Array[Byte](0x93, 0x01, 0x02, 0x03)
```

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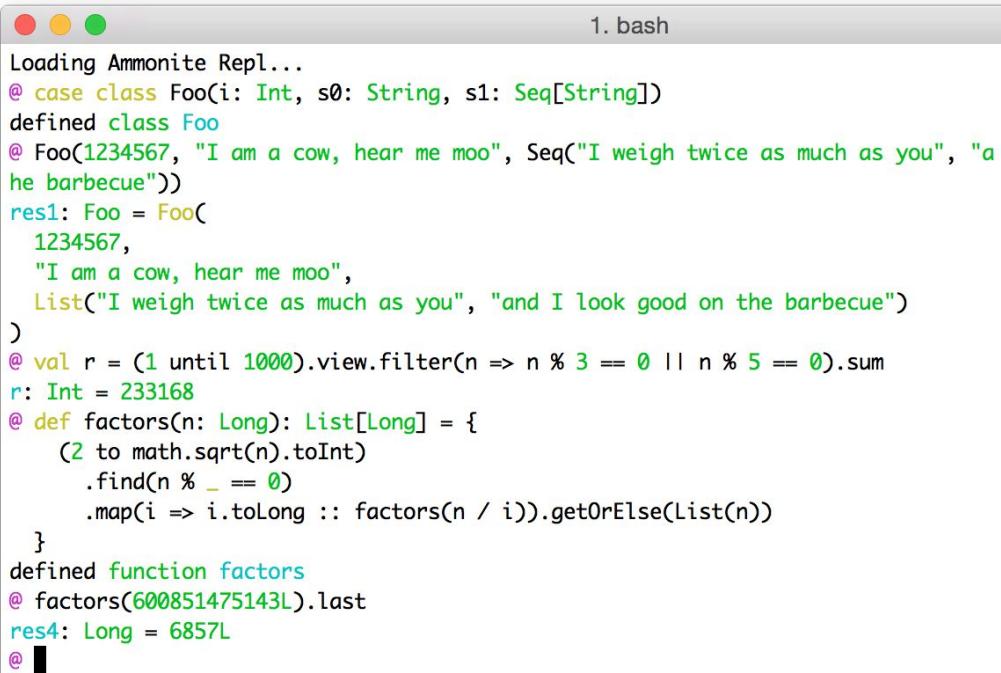
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## 1.6 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "1. bash" running the Ammonite REPL. The code entered is:

```
Loading Ammonite Repl...
@ case class Foo(i: Int, s0: String, s1: Seq[String])
defined class Foo
@ Foo(1234567, "I am a cow, hear me moo", Seq("I weigh twice as much as you", "a he barbecue"))
res1: Foo = Foo(
  1234567,
  "I am a cow, hear me moo",
  List("I weigh twice as much as you", "and I look good on the barbecue"))
)
@ val r = (1 until 1000).view.filter(n => n % 3 == 0 || n % 5 == 0).sum
r: Int = 233168
@ def factors(n: Long): List[Long] = {
  (2 to math.sqrt(n).toInt)
    .find(n % _ == 0)
    .map(i => i.toLong :: factors(n / i)).getOrElse(List(n))
}
defined function factors
@ factors(600851475143L).last
res4: Long = 6857L
@
```

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## 1.7 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
def log(foo: String)
       (implicit line: sourcecode.Line,
        file: sourcecode.File) = {
    println(
      s"${file.value}:${line.value} $foo"
    )
}

log("Foooooo")
// src/test/scala/Tests.scala:86 Foooooo
```

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## 1.8 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
object foo extends ScalaModule {  
    def scalaVersion = "2.13.8"  
    def ivyDeps = Agg(  
        ivy"com.lihaoyi::scalatags:0.8.2",  
        ivy"com.lihaoyi::mainargs:0.4.0"  
    )  
}  
  
$ ./mill foo.compile  
compiling 1 Scala source...  
  
$ ./mill foo.assembly  
  
$ ./out/foo/assembly.dest/out.jar --text hello  
<h1>hello</h1>
```

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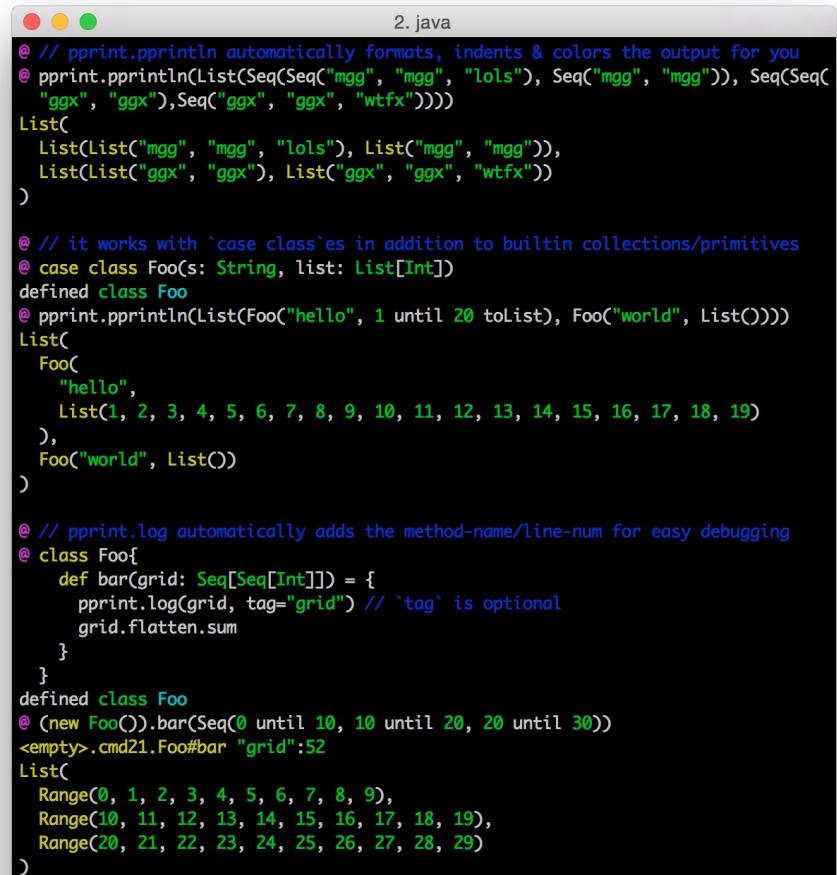
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## 1.9 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?



The screenshot shows a Java code editor window with syntax highlighting. The code is annotated with comments starting with '@' and '#' that explain the functionality of the pretty-printing library. The code demonstrates how to print various Scala collections like Seq, List, and Range, and how to define a class with a method that uses pprint.log. The code editor has a dark theme with red, yellow, and green status bars at the top.

```
2.java
@ // pprint pprint automatically formats, indents & colors the output for you
@ pprint pprint.println(List(Seq(Seq("mgg", "mgg", "lols"), Seq("mgg", "mgg")), Seq(Seq(
    "ggx", "ggx"), Seq("ggx", "ggx", "wtfx"))))
List(
  List(List("mgg", "mgg", "lols"), List("mgg", "mgg")),
  List(List("ggx", "ggx"), List("ggx", "ggx", "wtfx")))
)

@ // it works with `case class`es in addition to builtin collections/primitives
@ case class Foo(s: String, list: List[Int])
defined class Foo
@ pprint pprint.println(List(Foo("hello", 1 until 20 toList), Foo("world", List())))
List(
  Foo(
    "hello",
    List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19)
  ),
  Foo("world", List())
)

@ // pprint.log automatically adds the method-name/line-num for easy debugging
@ class Foo{
  def bar(grid: Seq[Seq[Int]]) = {
    pprint.log(grid, tag="grid") // `tag` is optional
    grid.flatten.sum
  }
}
defined class Foo
@ (new Foo()).bar(Seq(0 until 10, 10 until 20, 20 until 30))
<empty>.cmd21.Foo#bar "grid":52
List(
  Range(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9),
  Range(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19),
  Range(20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29)
)
```

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## 1.10 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
val wd = os.pwd / "out" / "splash"

// Read/write files
os.write(wd / "file.txt", "hello")
os.read(wd / "file.txt") ==> "hello"

// Perform filesystem operations
os.copy(wd / "file.txt", wd / "new.txt")

// Invoke subprocesses
val invoked = os
  .proc("cat", wd / "file.txt", wd / "new.txt")
  .call(cwd = wd)
```

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## 1.11 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
val r = requests.get(  
    "https://api.github.com/users/lihaoyi"  
)  
  
r.statusCode  
// 200  
  
r.headers("content-type")  
// Buffer("application/json; charset=utf-8")  
  
r.text  
// {"login":"lihaoyi",  
//  "Id":934140,  
//  "node_id":"MDQ6VXNlcjkzNDE0MA==",  
//  ...}
```

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## 1.12 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
object Application extends cask.MainRoutes{
    @cask.get("/")
    def hello() = {
        "Hello World!"
    }

    @cask.post("/do-thing")
    def doThing(request: cask.Request) = {
        request.text().reverse
    }

    initialize()
}
```

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## 1.13 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
object Main{
  @main
  def run(foo: String,
          num: Int = 2,
          bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * myNum + " " + bool.value)
  }

  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit =
    ParserForMethods(this).runOrExit(args)
}

$ ./mill example.hello --foo hello --num 3 --bool
hellohellohello true
```

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## 1.13 What is the com.lihaoyi Platform?

```
// Finding the 5-8th largest cities by population
val fewLargestCities = db.run(
    City.select
        .sortBy(_.population).desc
        .drop(5).take(3)
        .map(c => (c.name, c.population))
)
// SELECT city0.name AS res__0, city0.population AS res__1
// FROM city city0 ORDER BY res__1 DESC LIMIT ? OFFSET ?
println(fewLargestCities)
// Seq(
//   (Karachi, 9269265),
//   (Istanbul, 8787958),
//   (Ciudad de México, 8591309)
// )
```

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## 2.1 Why com-lihaoyi: HTTP Requests

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```
import akka.actor.typed.ActorSystem
import akka.actor.typed.scaladsl.Behaviors

implicit val system =
  ActorSystem(Behaviors.empty, "SingleRequest")

implicit val executionContext = system.executionContext
```

## 2.1 Why com-lihaoyi: HTTP Requests

```
import akka.actor.typed.ActorSystem
import akka.actor.typed.scaladsl.Behaviors
import akka.http.scaladsl.Http
import akka.http.scaladsl.model._

implicit val system =
  ActorSystem(Behaviors.empty, "SingleRequest")

implicit val executionContext = system.executionContext

val responseFuture = Http()
  .singleRequest(HttpRequest(uri = "http://akka.io"))
```

## 2.1 Why com-lihaoyi: HTTP Requests

```
import akka.actor.typed.ActorSystem
import akka.actor.typed.scaladsl.Behaviors
import akka.http.scaladsl.Http
import akka.http.scaladsl.model._
import scala.util.{ Failure, Success }

implicit val system =
  ActorSystem(Behaviors.empty, "SingleRequest")

implicit val executionContext = system.executionContext

val responseFuture = Http()
  .singleRequest(HttpRequest(uri = "http://akka.io"))

responseFuture.onComplete {
  case Success(res) => println(res)
  case Failure(_)    => sys.error("something wrong")
}
```

## 2.1 Why com-lihaoyi: HTTP Requests

```
import akka.actor.typed.ActorSystem
import akka.actor.typed.scaladsl.Behaviors
import akka.http.scaladsl.Http
import akka.http.scaladsl.model._
import scala.util.{ Failure, Success }

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val responseFuture = Http()
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responseFuture.onComplete {
  case Success(res) => println(res)
  case Failure(_)   => sys.error("something wrong")
}
```

```
val res = requests.get("https://akka.io")
  println(res)
```

## 2.2 Why com-lihaoyi: CLI Entrypoint

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```
case class Config(foo: String = null,  
                  num: Int = 2,  
                  bool: Boolean = false)
```

## 2.2 Why com-lihaoyi: CLI Entrypoint

```
case class Config(foo: String = null,  
                  num: Int = 2,  
                  bool: Boolean = false)  
val builder = OPParser.builder[Config]
```

## 2.2 Why com-lihaoyi: CLI Entrypoint

```
case class Config(foo: String = null,
                  num: Int = 2,
                  bool: Boolean = false)

val builder = OParser.builder[Config]
val parser1 = {
  import builder._

  OParser.sequence(
    programName("run"),
    opt[String]("foo")
      .required()
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(foo = x)),
    opt[Int]("num")
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(num = x)),
    opt[Unit]("bool")
      .action((_, c) => c.copy(bool = true)))
}
```

## 2.2 Why com-lihaoyi: CLI Entrypoint

```
case class Config(foo: String = null,
                  num: Int = 2,
                  bool: Boolean = false)

val builder = OParser.builder[Config]
val parser1 = {
  import builder._

  OParser.sequence(
    programName("run"),
    opt[String]("foo")
      .required()
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(foo = x)),
    opt[Int]("num")
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(num = x)),
    opt[Unit]("bool")
      .action((_, c) => c.copy(bool = true))
  )
}

val parsed = OParser.parse(parser1, args, Config())
for(Config(foo, num, bool) <- parsed){
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}
```

## 2.2 Why com-lihaoyi: CLI Entrypoint

```
case class Config(foo: String = null,
                  num: Int = 2,
                  bool: Boolean = false)
def run

val builder = OParser.builder[Config]
val parser1 = {
  import builder._

  OParser.sequence(
    programName("run"),
    opt[String]("foo")
      .required()
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(foo = x)),
    opt[Int]("num")
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(num = x)),
    opt[Unit]("bool")
      .action((_, c) => c.copy(bool = true))
  )
}

val parsed = OParser.parse(parser1, args, Config())
for(Config(foo, num, bool) <- parsed){
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}
```

## 2.2 Why com-lihaoyi: CLI Entrypoint

```
case class Config(foo: String = null,
                  num: Int = 2,
                  bool: Boolean = false)

val builder = OParser.builder[Config]
val parser1 = {
  import builder._

  OParser.sequence(
    programName("run"),
    opt[String]("foo")
      .required()
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(foo = x)),
    opt[Int]("num")
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(num = x)),
    opt[Unit]("bool")
      .action((_, c) => c.copy(bool = true))
  )
}

val parsed = OParser.parse(parser1, args, Config())
for(Config(foo, num, bool) <- parsed){
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}
```

```
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag)
```

## 2.2 Why com-lihaoyi: CLI Entrypoint

```
case class Config(foo: String = null,
                  num: Int = 2,
                  bool: Boolean = false)
val builder = OParser.builder[Config]
val parser1 = {
  import builder._
  OParser.sequence(
    programName("run"),
    opt[String]("foo")
      .required()
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(foo = x)),
    opt[Int]("num")
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(num = x)),
    opt[Unit]("bool")
      .action((_, c) => c.copy(bool = true)))
}
val parsed = OParser.parse(parser1, args, Config())
for(Config(foo, num, bool) <- parsed){
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}
```

```
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}
```

## 2.2 Why com-lihaoyi: CLI Entrypoint

```
case class Config(foo: String = null,
                  num: Int = 2,
                  bool: Boolean = false)
val builder = OParser.builder[Config]
val parser1 = {
  import builder._
  OParser.sequence(
    programName("run"),
    opt[String]("foo")
      .required()
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(foo = x)),
    opt[Int]("num")
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(num = x)),
    opt[Unit]("bool")
      .action((_, c) => c.copy(bool = true)))
}
val parsed = OParser.parse(parser1, args, Config())
for(Config(foo, num, bool) <- parsed){
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

@main
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

ParserForMethods(this).runOrExit(args)
```

## 2.3 Why com-lihaoyi: Before

```
case class Config(foo: String = null,
                  num: Int = 2,
                  bool: Boolean = false)

val builder = OParser.builder[Config]
val parser1 = {
  import builder._

  OParser.sequence(
    programName("run"),
    opt[String]("foo")
      .required()
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(foo = x)),
    opt[Int]("num")
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(num = x)),
    opt[Unit]("bool")
      .action((_, c) => c.copy(bool = true)))
}

val parsed = OParser.parse(parser1, args, Config())
for(Config(foo, num, bool) <- parsed){
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

import akka.actor.typed.ActorSystem
import akka.actor.typed.scaladsl.Behaviors
import akka.http.scaladsl.Http
import akka.http.scaladsl.model._
import scala.util.{ Failure, Success }

implicit val system =
  ActorSystem(Behaviors.empty, "SingleRequest")

implicit val executionContext = system.executionContext

val responseFuture = Http()
  .singleRequest(HttpRequest(uri = "http://akka.io"))

responseFuture.onComplete {
  case Success(res) => println(res)
  case Failure(_)   => sys.error("something wrong")
}
```

## 2.4 Why com-lihaoyi: After

```
// mainargs
@mainargs.main
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

// cask
@cask.get("/user/:userName")
def showUserProfile(userName: String) = {
    s"User $userName"
}

// uPickle
upickle.default.write(Seq(1, 2, 3))

// pprint
pprint.log(1 + 2) // File.scala:<line>: 1 + 2 = 3

// requests
val resp = requests.get("http://akka.io")

// os-lib
os.proc("grep", "Data")
    .call(
        stdin = resp,
        stdout = os.pwd / "Out.txt"
    )

// Mill
def lineCount = T{
    allSourceFiles()
        .map(f => os.read.lines(f.path).size)
        .sum
}
```

## 2.5 Easy, not Simple

```
@main
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

ParserForMethods(this).runOrExit(args)
```

```
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

ParserForMethods(
    Seq(
        MainData(
            name = "run",
            argSigs0 = Seq(
                ArgSig[String](Some("foo"), default = None),
                ArgSig[Int](Some("num"), default = Some(2)),
                ArgSig[Flag](Some("bool"), default = None),
            ),
            invoke = {
                case Seq(foo: String, num: Int, bool: Boolean) =>
                    this.run(foo, num, bool)
            }
        )
    )
).runOrExit(args)
```

## 2.5 Easy, not Simple

```
val builder = OParser.builder[Config]
val parser1 = {
  import builder._
  OParser.sequence(
    programName("run"),
    opt[String]("foo")
      .required()
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(foo = x)),
    opt[Int]("num")
      .action((x, c) => c.copy(num = x)),
    opt[Unit]("bool")
      .action((_, c) => c.copy(bool = true))
  )
}

val parsed = OParser.parse(parser1, args, Config())
for(Config(foo, num, bool) <- parsed){
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}
```

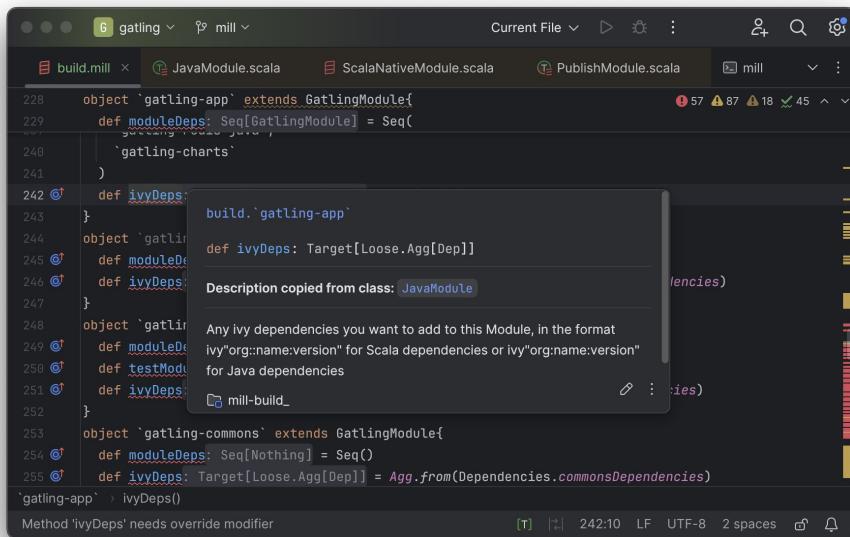
```
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

ParserForMethods(
  Seq(
    MainData(
      name = "run",
      argSigs0 = Seq(
        ArgSig[String](Some("foo"), default = None),
        ArgSig[Int](Some("num"), default = Some(2)),
        ArgSig[Flag](Some("bool"), default = None),
      ),
      invoke = {
        case Seq(foo: String, num: Int, bool: Boolean) =>
          this.run(foo, num, bool)
      }
    )
  )
).runOrExit(args)
```

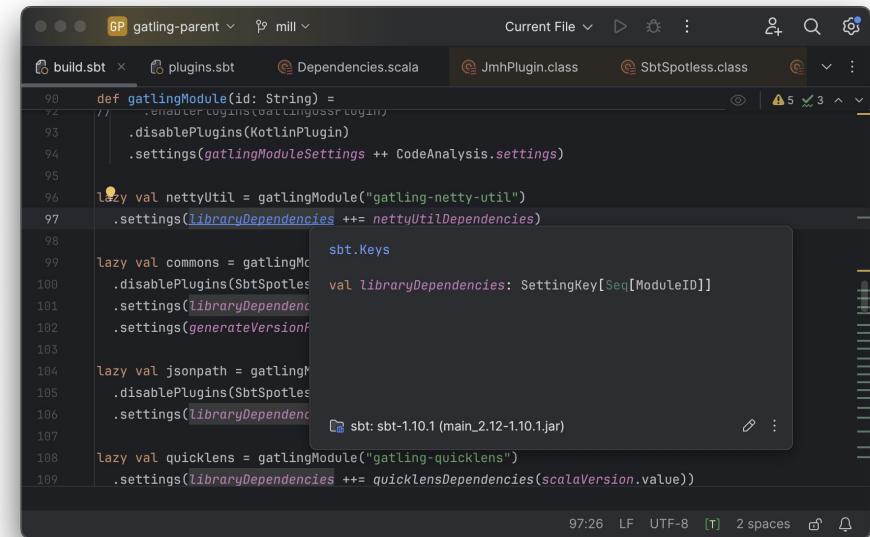
## 2.6 Pushing Complexity *down* rather than building *up*

Tools like IntelliJ understand *Scala*, but don't understand stuff built *on top of Scala*.

Pushing complexity *into Scala* means tools can better understand and manage it



A screenshot of the IntelliJ IDEA interface showing the code editor for a file named `build.mill`. The code defines a module named `'gatling-app'` which extends `GatlingModule`. It includes methods for `moduleDeps`, `ivyDeps`, and `testModuleDeps`. A tooltip is displayed over the `ivyDeps` method, containing the text: "Description copied from class: `JavaModule`". Below the code, a note says: "Any ivy dependencies you want to add to this Module, in the format `ivy"org:name;version"` for Scala dependencies or `ivy"org:name;version"` for Java dependencies". The status bar at the bottom shows the message "Method 'ivyDeps' needs override modifier".



A screenshot of the IntelliJ IDEA interface showing the code editor for a file named `build.sbt`. The code defines a `gatlingModule` function that returns a `GatlingModule`. It includes settings for `libraryDependencies` and `generateVersionFile`. A tooltip is displayed over the `ivyDeps` method, containing the text: "Description copied from class: `JavaModule`". Below the code, a note says: "Any ivy dependencies you want to add to this Module, in the format `ivy"org:name;version"` for Scala dependencies or `ivy"org:name;version"` for Java dependencies". The status bar at the bottom shows the message "Method 'ivyDeps' needs override modifier".

# What the com-lihaoyi platform needs from Scala

1. What is the com-lihaoyi platform
2. **Why the com-lihaoyi platform?**
3. How com-lihaoyi uses Scala today
4. What com-lihaoyi needs from Scala going forward

# What the com-lihaoyi platform needs from Scala

1. What is the com-lihaoyi platform
2. Why the com-lihaoyi platform?
- 3. How com-lihaoyi uses Scala today**
4. What com-lihaoyi needs from Scala going forward

## 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves Scala

## 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

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val, var, def, lazy val

classes, traits, case classes

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**Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native**

## 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

val, var, def, lazy val

classes, traits, case classes

Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native

**default parameters**

# 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

val, var, def, lazy val

classes, traits, case classes

Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native

default parameters

**implicit parameters**

**implicit conversions**

## 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

val, var, def, lazy val

classes, traits, case classes

Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native

default parameters

implicit parameters

implicit conversions

**monads, applicative functors**

# 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

val, var, def, lazy val

classes, traits, case classes

Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native

default parameters

implicit parameters

implicit conversions

monads, applicative functors

**higher-kinded types**

# 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

val, var, def, lazy val

macros

classes, traits, case classes

Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native

default parameters

implicit parameters

implicit conversions

monads, applicative functors

higher-kinded types

# 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

val, var, def, lazy val

macros

classes, traits, case classes

**macro implicit parameters**

Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native

**macro implicit conversions**

default parameters

implicit parameters

implicit conversions

monads, applicative functors

higher-kinded types

# 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

val, var, def, lazy val

macros

classes, traits, case classes

macro implicit parameters

Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native

macro implicit conversions

default parameters

**Java Reflection**

implicit parameters

**Compiler Plugins**

implicit conversions

**JVM bytecode analysis**

monads, applicative functors

higher-kinded types

# 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

val, var, def, lazy val	macros
classes, traits, case classes	macro implicit parameters
Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native	macro implicit conversions
default parameters	Java Reflection
implicit parameters	Compiler Plugins
implicit conversions	JVM bytecode analysis
monads, applicative functors	<b>Currying</b>
higher-kinded types	

# 3.1 com-lihaoyi Loves All of Scala

val, var, def, lazy val	macros
classes, traits, case classes	macro implicit parameters
Scala-JVM, Scala-JS, Scala-Native	macro implicit conversions
default parameters	Java Reflection
implicit parameters	Compiler Plugins
implicit conversions	JVM bytecode analysis
monads, applicative functors	<b>Currying</b>
higher-kinded types	<del>Subclasses</del> <del>case classes</del>

## 3.2 How com-lihaoyi uses Scala

```
// mainargs                                // requests
@mainargs.main
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

// cask
@cask.get("/user/:userName")
def showUserProfile(userName: String) = {
    s"User $userName"
}

// uPickle
upickle.default.write(Seq(1, 2, 3))

// pprint
pprint.log(1 + 2) // File.scala:<line>: 1 + 2 = 3

// os-lib
os.proc("grep", "Data")
    .call(
        stdin = resp,
        stdout = os.pwd / "folder/Out.txt"
    )

// Mill
def lineCount = Task {
    allSourceFiles()
        .map(f => os.read.lines(f.path).size)
        .sum
}
```

## 3.2 How com-lihaoyi uses Scala

// mainargs **Fake Annotation Macros**

@mainargs.main **Implicit Parameters**

```
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {  
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)  
}
```

// cask **Fake Annotation Macros**

@cask.get **Implicit Parameters**

```
def showUserImplicitConversions() = {  
    s"User $userName"  
}
```

**Macros, Implicit Parameters**

// uPickle **Build-time Code Generation**  
upickle.default.write(Seq(1, 2, 3))

**Macro Implicit Parameters**

// pprint **Macro Implicit Conversions**  
pprint.log(1 + 2) // file.scala:<line>: 1 + 2 = 3

**Implicit Conversions**

// requests

```
val resp = requests.get("http://akka.io", headers = ...)
```

// os-lib

```
os.proc("grep", "Data")
```

.call(

stdin = resp,

stdout = os.pwd / "folder/out.txt"

)

**Macro Implicit Conversions**

// Mill

```
def lineCount = Tas
```

allSourceFiles()

.map(f => os.re

.sum

)

**Applicative Functors**

**Macro Implicit Conversions**

**Macro Implicit Parameters**

**Build-time Code Generation**

**Compiler Plugins**

**Java Reflection**

**JVM Bytecode Analysis**

## 3.3 MainArgs

```
// mainargs
@mainargs.main
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    ParserForMethods(this).runOrExit(args)
}
```

## 3.3 MainArgs

```
// mainargs
@mainargs.main
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    ParserForMethods(this).runOrExit(args)
}
```

```
// mainargs
@mainargs.main
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = ParserForMethods(
    Seq(
        MainData(
            name = "run",
            argSigs0 = Seq(
                ArgSig[String](Some("foo"), default = None),
                ArgSig[Int](Some("num"), default = Some(2)),
                ArgSig[Flag](Some("bool"), default = None),
            ),
            invoke = {
                case Seq(foo: String, num: Int, bool: Boolean) =
                    this.run(foo, num, bool)
            }
        )
    )
).runOrExit(args)
```

## 3.3 MainArgs

```
// mainargs
@mainargs.main Fake Annotation Macros
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}
```

```
def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
  ParserForMethods(this).runOrExit(args)
}
```

**Actual Macro**

```
// mainargs
@mainargs.main
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
  println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = ParserForMethods(
  Seq(
    MainData(
      name = "run",
      argSigs0 = Seq(
        ArgSig[String](Some("foo"), default = None),
        ArgSig[Int](Some("num"), default = Some(2)),
        ArgSig[Flag](Some("bool"), default = None),
      ),
      invoke = {
        case Seq(foo: String, num: Int, bool: Boolean) =
          this.run(foo, num, bool)
      }
    )
  )
).runOrExit(args)
```

**Implicit Parameters**

## 3.4 Cask

```
// cask
@cask.get("/user/:userName")
def showUserProfile(userName: String) = {
  s"User $userName"
}

initialize()
```

## 3.4 Cask

```
// cask
@cask.get("/user/:userName")
def showUserProfile(userName: String) = {
  s"User $userName"
}

initialize()

initialize()(
  RoutesEndpointsMetadata.make[this.type]
)

initialize()(RoutesEndpointsMetadata[this.type])(EndpointMetadata[this.type](decorators = Seq(),
  endpoint = new cask.get("/user/:userName"),
  entryPoint = EntryPoint(
    name = "showUserProfile",
    argSignatures = Seq(
      ArgSig(
        "userName", "String",
        doc = None, default = None)(implicitly[ArgReader[String]])
    )
  ),
  doc = "",
  invoke0 = (... args, sigs) =>
    Response.Data.WritableData(
      this.showUserProfile(
        sigs(0).parse(args("userName")))
    )
  )
),
  )
```

## 3.4 Cask

```
// cask  
@cask.get("/user/:userName")  
def showUserProfile(userName: String) = {  
    s"User $userName"  
}
```

```
initialize()  
  
initialize()  
    RoutesEndpointsMetadata.make[this.type]  
)
```

Var

Macro Implicit Parameter

```
initialize()(RoutesEndpointsMetadata[this.type])(  
    EndpointMetadata[this.type](  
        decorators = Seq(),  
        endpoint = new cask.get("/user/:userName"),  
        entryPoint = EntryPoint(  
            name = "showUserProfile",  
            argSignatures = Seq(  
                ArgSig(  
                    "userName", "String",  
                    doc = None, default = None)(  
                        implicitly[ArgReader[String]])  
            )  
        ),  
        doc = "",  
        invoke0 = (... , args, sigs) =>  
            Response.Data.WritableData(  
                this.showUserProfile(  
                    sigs(0).parse(args("userName"))  
                )  
            )  
    ),  
),
```

Implicit Conversion

## 3.5 uPickle

```
// uPickle

case class Foo(i: Int, s: String)
implicit val write: Writer[Foo] = macroW

upickle.default.write(Foo(1, "hello"))
```

## 3.5 uPickle

```
// uPickle

case class Foo(i: Int, s: String)
implicit val write: Writer[Foo] = macroW

upickle.default.write(Foo(1, "hello"))
```

```
// uPickle

case class Foo(i: Int, s: String)
implicit val writer: Writer[Foo] =
  new upickle.core.CaseClassWriter{
    def length() = 2
    def write0(out: Visitor) = {
      out.visitObject(length())
      writeField(implicitly[Writer[Int]], v.i)
      writeField(implicitly[Writer[String]], v.s)
      out.visitEnd()
    }
  }

upickle.default.write(Foo(1, "hello"))(writer)
```

## 3.5 uPickle

```
// uPickle

case class Foo(i: Int, s: String)
implicit val write: Writer[Foo] = macroW

upickle.default.write(Foo(1, "hello"))
```

```
// uPickle

case class Foo(i: Int, s: String)
implicit val writer: Writer[Foo] = Macro
new upickle.core.CaseClassWriter{
    def length() = 2
    def write0(out: Visitor) = {
        out.visitObject(length())
        writeField(implicitly[Writer[Int]], v.i)
        writeField(implicitly[Writer[String]], v.s)
        out.visitEnd()
    }
}

upickle.default.write(Foo(1, "hello"))(writer)
```

Implicit Parameter

## 3.6 PPrint

```
// pprint  
pprint.log(1 + 2) // File.scala:123: 1 + 2 = 3
```

## 3.6 PPrint

```
// pprint
pprint.log(1 + 2) // File.scala:123: 1 + 2 = 3
pprint.log(sourcecode.Text(1 + 2))(  
    sourcecode.Line(),  
    sourcecode.FileName(),  
)
```

## 3.6 PPrint

```
// pprint
pprint.log(1 + 2) // File.scala:123: 1 + 2 = 3

pprint.log(sourcecode.Text(1 + 2))(
    sourcecode.Line(),
    sourcecode.FileName(),
)

pprint.log(new sourcecode.Text("1 + 2", 1 + 2))(
    new sourcecode.Line(123),
    new sourcecode.FileName("File.scala"),
)
```

## 3.6 PPrint

```
// pprint  
pprint.log(1 + 2) // File.scala:123: 1 + 2 = 3
```

### Macro Implicit Conversion

```
pprint.log(sourcecode.Text(1 + 2))(  
    sourcecode.Line(),  
    sourcecode.FileName(),  
)
```

### Macro Implicit Parameter

```
pprint.log(new sourcecode.Text("1 + 2", 1 + 2))(  
    new sourcecode.Line(123),  
    new sourcecode.FileName("File.scala"),  
)
```

## 3.7 Requests-Scala

```
// requests
requests.post(
  "https://api.github.com/some/endpoint",
  data = upickle.default.stream(Map("foo" -> "bar"))
)

requests.post(
  "https://api.github.com/some/endpoint",
  data = new java.io.File("thing.json")
)
```

## 3.7 Requests-Scala

```
// requests
requests.post(
  "https://api.github.com/some/endpoint",
  data = upickle.default.stream(Map("foo" -> "bar"))
)

requests.post(
  "https://api.github.com/some/endpoint",
  data = new java.io.File("thing.json")
)
```

```
// requests
requests.post(
  "https://api.github.com/some/endpoint",
  data = RequestBlob[ByteSourceRequestBlob](
    upickle.default.stream(Map("foo" -> "bar"))
)

requests.post(
  "https://api.github.com/some/endpoint",
  data = RequestBlob[FileRequestBlob](
    new java.io.File("thing.json")
)
```

## 3.7 Requests-Scala

```
// requests
requests.post(
  "https://api.github.com/some/endpoint",
  data = upickle.default.stream(Map("foo" -> "bar"))
)

requests.post(
  "https://api.github.com/some/endpoint",
  data = new java.io.File("thing.json")
)
```

```
// requests
requests.post(
  "https://api.github.coImplicit Conversion
  data = RequestBlob.ByteSourceRequestBlob(
    upickle.default.stream(Map("foo" -> "bar"))
  )
)

requests.post(
  "https://api.github.com/somImplicit Conversion
  data = RequestBlob.FileRequestBlob(
    new java.io.File("thing.json")
  )
)
```

## 3.8 OS-Lib

```
// os-lib
os.proc("grep", "Data")
.call(
    stdin = resp,
    stdout = os.getcwd() / "folder/Out.txt"
)
```

## 3.8 OS-Lib

```
os.getcwd() / "folder" / "Out.txt" // Success  
os.getcwd() / "folder/Out.txt" // Success  
os.getcwd() / "../folder/Out.txt" // Success
```

## 3.8 OS-Lib

```
os.getcwd / "folder" / "Out.txt" // Success
os.getcwd / "folder/Out.txt" // Success
os.getcwd / "../folder/Out.txt" // Success

os.getcwd / "../folder//Out.txt"
// ERROR: Literal path sequence [../folder//Out.txt] used in OS-Lib must be in
// a canonical form, please use [../folder/Out.txt] instead

os.getcwd / "../folder./Out.txt"
// ERROR: Literal path sequence [../folder./Out.txt] used in OS-Lib must be in
// canonical form, please use [../folder/Out.txt] instead

os.getcwd / scala.io.StdIn.readLine()
// ERROR: [folder/Out.txt] is not a valid path segment. [/] is not a valid character to
// appear in a non-literal path segment. If you are dealing with dynamic path-strings
// coming from external sources, use the Path(...)/RelPath(...)/SubPath(...) constructor
// calls to explicitly convert them.
```

## 3.8 OS-Lib

```
os.getcwd / "folder" / "Out.txt" // Success  
os.getcwd / "folder/Out.txt" // Success  
os.getcwd / "../folder/Out.txt" // Success
```

```
os.getcwd / "../folder//Out.txt" Macro Implicit Conversion  
// ERROR: Literal path sequence [../folder//Out.txt] used in OS-Lib must be in  
// a canonical form, please use [../folder/Out.txt] instead
```

```
os.getcwd / "../folder/./Out.txt" Macro Implicit Conversion  
// ERROR: Literal path sequence [../folder/./Out.txt] used in OS-Lib must be in  
// canonical form, please use [../folder/Out.txt] instead
```

```
os.getcwd / scala.io.StdIn.readLine() Macro Implicit Conversion  
// ERROR: [folder/Out.txt] is not a valid path segment. [/] is not a valid character to  
// appear in a non-literal path segment. If you are dealing with dynamic path-strings  
// coming from external sources, use the Path(...)/RelPath(...)/SubPath(...) constructor  
// calls to convert them.
```

# 3.9 Mill

```
/** Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency */
def ivyDeps = Seq(
  ivy"${scalaOrg()}:scala-reflect:${scalaVersion()}"
)
```

```
> ./mill show ivyDeps
```

```
> ./mill inspect ivyDeps
```

```
ivyDeps(build.mill:6)
  Any ivy dependencies you want to add to this Module,
  in the format ivy"org::name:version" for Scala
  dependencies or ivy"org:name:version" for Java
  dependencies
```

Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency

Inputs:

scalaOrg

scalaVerion

# 3.9 Mill

```
/** Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency */
def ivyDeps = Seq(
  ivy"${scalaOrg()}:scala-reflect:${scalaVersion()}"
)

> ./mill show ivyDeps

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ivyDeps(build.mill:6)
  Any ivy dependencies you want to add to this Module,
  in the format ivy"org::name:version" for Scala
  dependencies or ivy"org:name:version" for Java
  dependencies

Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency
```

Inputs:

scalaOrg  
scalaVerion

```
import _root_.build_ > $file
import build_.package_ > build
object package_ extends package_{
  override lazy val millDiscover: _root_.mill.define.Discover =
    _root_.mill.define.Discover[this.type]
}
abstract class package_ extends _root_.mill.main.RootModule() {
  @Scaladoc("Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency")
  override def ivyDeps = this.memoize(
    keyClass = "package_",
    value = new Target(
      T.zipMap(Seq(scalaOrg, scalaVersion)) { case Seq(so, sv) =>
        Seq(ivy"$so:scala-reflect:$sv")
      },
      line = sourcecode.Line(6),
      fileName = sourcecode.FileName("build.mill"),
      path = foo.path / "ivyDeps",
      readWriter = upickle.default.readwriter[Int]
    )
  )
}
```

# 3.9 Mill

```
/** Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency */
def ivyDeps = Seq(
  ivy"${scalaOrg()}:scala-reflect:${scalaVersion()}"
)

> ./mill show ivyDeps
```

```
> ./mill inspect ivyDeps
ivyDeps(build.mill:6)
  Any ivy dependencies you want to add to this Module,
  in the format ivy"org::name:version" for Scala
  dependencies or ivy"org:name:version" for Java
  dependencies
```

Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency

## JVM Bytecode Analysis

Inputs:

```
scalaOrg
scalaVerion
```

## Build-Time Code Generation

```
import build_.{package_ => build}
object package_ extends package_{
  override lazy val millDiscover: _root_.mill.define.Discover =
    _root_.mill.define.Discover[this.type]
}

abstract class package_ extends _root_.mill.main.RootModule() {
  @Scaladoc("Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency")
  override def ivyDeps = this.memoize(
    keyClass = "package_",
    value = new Target(
      T.zipMap(Seq(scalaOrg, scalaVersion)) { case Seq(so, sv) =>
        Seq(ivy"$so:scala-reflect:$sv")
      },
      line = sourcecode.Line(6),
      fileName = sourcecode.FileName("build.mill"),
      path = foo.path / "ivyDeps",
      readWriter = upickle.default.readwriter[Int]
    )
  )
}
```

## Fake Lazy Vals

## Macro Implicit Conv

## Macro Implicit Parameter

## Normal Implicit Parameters

# 3.9 Mill

```
/** Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency */
def ivyDeps = Seq(
  ivy"${scalaOrg()}:scala-reflect:${scalaVersion()}"
)
```

```
> ./mill show ivyDeps
```

```
> ./mill inspect ivyDeps
ivyDeps(build.mill:6)
```

Any ivy dependencies you want to add to this Module,  
in the format ivy"org::name:version" for Scala  
dependencies or ivy"org:name:version" for Java  
dependencies

Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency

## JVM Bytecode Analysis???

Inputs:

```
scalaOrg
scalaVerion
```

## Build-Time Code Generation

```
import build_.{package_ => build}
object package_ extends package_{
  override lazy val millDiscover: _root_.mill.define.Discover =
    _root_.mill.define.Discover[this.type]
}
abstract class package_ extends _root_.mill.main.RootModule() {
  @Scaladoc("Overriden to add Scala Reflect Dependency")
  override def ivyDeps = this.memoize(
    keyClass = "package_",
    value = new Target(
      T.zipMap(Seq(scalaOrg, scalaVersion)) { case Seq(so, sv) =>
        Seq(ivy"$so:scala-reflect:$sv")
      },
      line = sourcecode.Line(6),
      fileName = sourcecode.FileName("build.mill"),
      path = foo.path / "ivyDeps",
      readWriter = upickle.default.readwriter[Int]
    )
  )
}
```

## Fake Lazy Vals

## Macro Implicit Conv

## Macro Implicit Parameter

## Normal Implicit Parameters

## 3.10 Mill JVM Bytecode Analysis

```
import mill._

object foo extends Module {
  def bar = Task.Source(
    millSourcePath / "bar.txt"
  )

  def helper(x: os.Path): String = {
    os.read(x).toUpperCase()
  }

  def qux = Task {
    println("Re-calculating Qux 2")
    helper(bar().path)
  }
}
```

## 3.10 Mill JVM Bytecode Analysis

```
import mill._

object foo extends Module {
    def bar = Task.Source(
        millSourcePath / "bar.txt"
    )

    def helper(x: os.Path): String = {
        os.read(x).toUpperCase()
    }

    def qux = Task {
        println("Re-calculating Qux 2")
        helper(bar().path)
    }
}
```

Changing `foo/bar.txt` invalidates `qux`

Changing the body of `def qux` invalidates `qux`

Changing the body of `def helper` invalidates `qux`

## 3.10 Mill JVM Bytecode Analysis

```
import mill._

object foo extends Module {
  def bar = Task.Source(
    millSourcePath / "bar.txt"
  )

  def helper(x: os.Path): String = {
    os.read(x).toUpperCase()
  }

  def qux = Task {
    println("Re-calculating Qux 2")
    helper(bar().path)
  }
}
```

Changing `foo/bar.txt` invalidates `qux`

Changing the body of `def qux` invalidates `qux`

Changing the body of `def helper` invalidates `qux`

[Bytecode reachability analysis for fine-grained target invalidation #2417](#)

- Conservative Class Hierarchy Aware Local-First JVM Bytecode Callgraph analysis
- [AVERROES: Whole-Program Analysis without the Whole Program](#), ECOOP 2013

## 3.10 Mill JVM Bytecode Analysis

```
import mill._

object foo extends Module {
  def bar = Task.Source(
    millSourcePath / "bar.txt"
  )

  def helper(x: os.Path): String = {
    os.read(x).toUpperCase()
  }

  def qux = Task {
    println("Re-calculating Qux 2")
    helper(bar().path)
  }
}
```

Changing `foo/bar.txt` invalidates `qux`

Changing the body of `def qux` invalidates `qux`

Changing the body of `def helper` invalidates `qux`

[Bytecode reachability analysis for fine-grained target invalidation #2417](#)

- Conservative Class Hierarchy Aware Local-First JVM Bytecode Callgraph analysis
- [AVERROES: Whole-Program Analysis without the Whole Program](#), ECOOP 2013

E.g. in `com-lihaoyi/mill`, changing `scalajslib.worker[1].ivyDeps` by re-ordering them, invalidates 17/8154 targets

# What the com-lihaoyi platform needs from Scala

1. What is the com-lihaoyi platform
2. Why the com-lihaoyi platform?
- 3. How com-lihaoyi uses Scala today**
4. What com-lihaoyi needs from Scala going forward

# What the com-lihaoyi platform needs from Scala

1. What is the com-lihaoyi platform
2. Why the com-lihaoyi platform?
3. How com-lihaoyi uses Scala today
4. **What com-lihaoyi needs from Scala going forward**

# 4.1 Please Don't Break This Stuff!

```
// mainargs
@mainargs.main
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}

// cask
@cask.get("/user/:userName")
def showUserProfile(userName: String) = {
    s"User $userName"
}

// uPickle
upickle.default.write(Seq(1, 2, 3))

// pprint
pprint.log(1 + 2) // File.scala:<line>: 1 + 2 = 3

// requests
val resp = requests.get("http://akka.io")

// os-lib
os.proc("grep", "Data")
    .call(
        stdin = resp,
        stdout = os.pwd / "folder/Out.txt"
    )

// Mill
def lineCount = Task {
    allSourceFiles()
        .map(f => os.read.lines(f.path).size)
        .sum
}
```

# 4.1 Please Don't Break This Stuff!

// mainargs **Fake Annotation Macros**

@mainargs.main **Implicit Parameters**

```
def run(foo: String, num: Int = 2, bool: Flag) = {
    println(foo * num + " " + bool.value)
}
```

// cask **Fake Annotation Macros**

@cask.get **Implicit Parameters**

```
def showUserImplicitConversions() = {
```

s"User \$userName"

}

**Macros, Implicit Parameters**

// uPickle **Build-time Code Generation**

```
upickle.default.write(Seq(1, 2, 3))
```

**Macro Implicit Parameters**

// pprint **Macro Implicit Conversions**

```
pprint.log(1 + 2) // file.scala:<line>: 1 + 2 = 3
```

**Implicit Conversions**

// requests

```
val resp = requests.get("http://akka.io", headers = ...)
```

// os-lib

```
os.proc("grep", "Data")
```

.call(

stdin = resp,

stdout = os.pwd / "folder/out.txt"

)

**Macro Implicit Conversions**

// Mill

```
def lineCount = Tas
```

allSourceFiles()

.map(f => os.re

.sum

)

**Applicative Functors**

**Macro Implicit Conversions**

**Macro Implicit Parameters**

**Build-time Code Generation**

**Compiler Plugins**

**Java Reflection**

**JVM Bytecode Analysis**

## 4.2 Alternatives are often worse!

```
// uPickle

case class Foo(i: Int, s: String)
implicit val writer: Writer[Foo] =
  new upickle.core.CaseClassWriter{
    def length() = 2
    def write0(out: Visitor) = {
      out.visitObject(length())
      writeField("i", implicitly[Writer[Int]], v.i)
      writeField("s", implicitly[Writer[String]], v.s)
      out.visitEnd()
    }
  }

upickle.default.write(Foo(1, "hello"))(writer)
```

uPickle uses macros!

Other languages do not have macros!

So what do they do?

- Kotlin/Kotlinx-Serialization: Compiler Plugin
- Java/Micronaut: Java Annotation Processor
- Java/Jackson: Bytecode Scraping via Paranamer

Needs won't go away if we remove a language feature,  
people will find other, worse, alternatives

## 4.3 Improve, don't Remove!

1. Adding default parameters is not binary compatible?
  - a.  Don't use default parameters
  - b.  Add `@unroll` to make adding default parameters binary compatible
2. Case Classes evolution is not binary compatible?
  - a.  Don't use case classes
  - b.  Add `@unroll` to make case class evolution binary compatible
3. Default parameters cannot be abstracted over?
  - a.  Don't use default parameters
  - b.  Add `unpack` to allow seamless conversion between parameter lists and structured data
4. Implicit conversions can be confusing/risky?
  - a.  Remove implicit conversions
  - b.  Find good ways of using implicit conversions and advertise them as best practices

## 4.3 Missing Scala features we need in com-lihaoyi

1. `@unroll`
2. Named pattern matching
  - a. `foo match { case Bar(x = 1 /*ignore the other stuff) => }`
3. `unpack` from *Python PEP 646*
4. Inline/Specialized Traits
5. Keyword-Only and Positional-Only parameters from *Python PEP570/PEP3102, Swift*
6. Reference-able `package objects`
  - a. `package object foo {...}, somewhere else val x = foo`
7. Relative scoping for hierarchical ADT arguments from *Swift, Java (for enums)*
  - a. `val redCircle = Shape(.Circle, .Red)`
8. Structured Data Literals from *Swift, C#, Kotlin KT-43871, Java (for arrays)*
  - a. `val s: Array[Int] = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)`
9. Intra-param-list references
  - a. `def foo(s: String, n: Int = s.length) = ???`
10. Givens as default parameters in mixed parameter lists
  - a. `def foo(s: String, n: Int = given) = ???`

## 4.3.1 unpack from Python PEP646

```
// Requestor.scala
def apply(
  url: String,
  auth: RequestAuth = sess.auth,
  ...16 more params...
): Response

def stream(
  url: String,
  auth: RequestAuth = sess.auth,
  ...16 more params...
  onHeadersReceived: StreamHeaders => Unit = null
): geny.Readable

requests.get(url = ..., auth = ..., ...16 more params...)
requests.get.stream(
  url = ...,
  auth = ...,
  ...16 more params...,
  onHeadersReceived = ???
)
```

```
// Requestor.scala
case class RequestParams(
  url: String,
  auth: RequestAuth = sess.auth,
  params: Iterable[(String, String)] = Nil,
  ...16 more params...
)

def apply(unpack params: RequestParams): Response

def stream(
  unpack params: RequestParams,
  redirectedFrom: Option[Response] = None,
): geny.Readable

requests.get(url = ..., auth = ..., ...16 more params...)
val myParams: RequestParams = ???
requests.get(unpack myParams)
requests.get.stream(unpack myParams, onHeadersReceived = ???)
```

## 4.3.2 Inline/Specialized Traits

```
// templates/BufferingElemParser.scala
trait BufferingElemParser{
    private[this] var buffer: Array[Elem] = null
    private[this] var knownEof = Int.MaxValue
    def getLastIdx = lastIdx
    def getElemSafe(i: Int): Elem = {
        requestUntil(i)
        buffer(i - firstIdx)
    }
    def getElemUnsafe(i: Int): Elem = {
        buffer(i - firstIdx)
    }
}

// build file
for (p <- templates(); rename <- Seq("Char", "Byte")){
    def replace(s: String) = s.replace("Elem", rename).replace("elem", rename.toLowerCase)
    os.write(T.dest / replace(p.last), replace(os.read(p)))
}
```

## 4.3.3 Relative Hierarchical Scoping *from Swift, Java enums*

```
case class Shape(geometry: Shape.Geometry, color: Shape.Color)           // Verbose and redundant
object Shape {
    sealed trait Geometry
    object Geometry {
        case object Triangle extends Geometry
        case object Rectangle extends Geometry
        case object Circle extends Geometry
    }
    sealed trait Color
    object Color {
        case object Red extends Color
        case object Green extends Color
        case object Blue extends Color
    }
}

val redCircle = Shape(Shape.Geometry.Circle, Shape.Color.Red)

// Pollutes scopes with tons of identifiers
import Shape.Geometry._
import Shape.Color._
val redCircle = Shape(Circle, Red)

// No imports, inferred based on contents of companion object
val redCircle = Shape(.Circle, .Red)

// Java has this in some narrow cases
enum Level { LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH}

Level myVar = null;

switch(myVar) { // Note the lack of Level.* prefix
    case LOW:
    case MEDIUM:
    case HIGH:
}
```

## 4.3.4 Structured Data Literals

```
// This works
trait Foo{ def x: Int}
val foo: Foo = new {def x = 1}

// Why not this?
class Bar(x: Int)
val bar: Bar = new(x = 1)

// Or this?
case class Qux(x: Int)
val bar: Qux = (x = 1)

// Even Java has this for array literals,
// and Scala is annoyingly verbose
int[] s = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
@SuppressWarnings({"foo", "bar", "baz"})

val s: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
@SuppressWarnings(Array("foo", "bar", "baz"))
```

## 4.3.4 Structured Data Literals

```
// This works
trait Foo{ def x: Int}
val foo: Foo = new {def x = 1}

// Why not this?
class Bar(x: Int)
val bar: Bar = new(x = 1)

// Or this?
case class Qux(x: Int)
val bar: Qux = (x = 1)

// Even Java has this for array literals,
// and Scala is annoyingly verbose
int[] s = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
@SuppressWarnings({"foo", "bar", "baz"})

val s: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
@SuppressWarnings(Array("foo", "bar", "baz"))
```

```
// How many times did we repeat "developers"?
val developers: Seq[Developer] = Seq(
  Developer(id = "lihaoyi", name = "Li Haoyi"),
  Developer(id = "lefou", name = "Tobias Roeser")
)

// We already know it's a `Seq[Developer]`, we should
// not need to repeat that!
val developers: Seq[Developer] = (
  (id = "lihaoyi", name = "Li Haoyi"),
  (id = "lefou", name = "Tobias Roeser")
)
```

## 4.3.5 Intra-Param-List References, Mixed Given params

I want to write

```
def foo(s: String, n: Int = s.length) = println(s + i)  
foo("hello") // hello5
```

```
def bar(s: String, n: Int = given) = println(s + i)  
bar("world", n = 123)// world123
```

Rather than

```
def foo(s: String)(n: Int = s.length) = println(s + i)  
foo("hello")() // hello5
```

```
def bar(s: String)(given n: Int) = println(s + i)  
bar("world")(given 123)// world123
```

Most programmers are *not* comfortable with currying

- Exception: XML/Swift/Kotlin-style  
`foo(key=value){ ...block... }`-style syntax

We should avoid tying language features to currying if at all possible

Can still have currying, but shouldn't be a *requirement* in order to use features like givens/implicits referencing other parameters in defaults

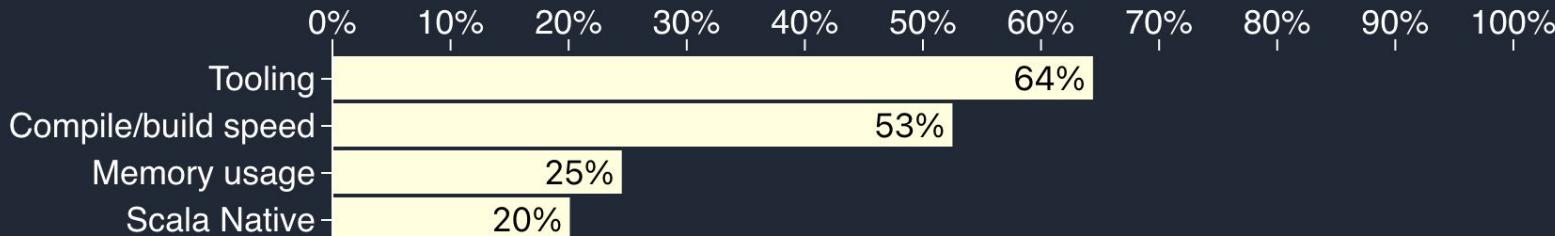
## 4.4 Look Forward, Not Backward

1. Scala in 2024 is not the same as Scala in 2012
  - a. Implicit/Typelevel craziness was a problem in 2012
  - b. Async craziness was a problem in 2016
  - c. IO-Monad craziness was a problem in 2020

## 4.4 Look Forward, Not Backward

1. Scala in 2024 is not the same as Scala in 2012
  - a. Implicit/Typelevel craziness was a problem in 2012
  - b. Async craziness was a problem in 2016
  - c. IO-Monad craziness was a problem in 2020

**Let's say that you are given the power to choose which parts of the Scala ecosystem are being improved. Please select up to 3 of the following aspects of working with Scala, you would like to see improved.**



## 4.5 Please dogfood the com-lihaoyi Platform

1. Scala-the-language needs closer collaboration with Scala-the-ecosystem

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## 4.5 Please dogfood the com-lihaoyi Platform

1. Scala-the-language needs closer collaboration with Scala-the-ecosystem
2. Try out the Mill build tool for Dotty and other EPFL projects, teach them to students
3. Use OS-Lib, uPickle, fansi, mainargs, requests-scala, etc. in the Dotty codebase!
  - a. Use the binary jar; Scala 3 maintains binary compatibility for a reason
  - b. Unpack the source jar and compile it yourself if you want to compile from source
  - c. Patch the `package foo` statements to `package dotty.foo` if you want to avoid conflicts

## 4.5 Please dogfood the com-lihaoyi Platform

1. Scala-the-language needs closer collaboration with Scala-the-ecosystem
2. Try out the Mill build tool for Dotty and other EPFL projects, teach them to students
3. Use OS-Lib, uPickle, fansi, mainargs, requests-scala, etc. in the Dotty codebase!
  - a. Use the binary jar; Scala 3 maintains binary compatibility for a reason
  - b. Unpack the source jar and compile it yourself if you want to compile from source
  - c. Patch the `package foo` statements to `package dotty.foo` if you want to avoid conflicts
4. Learning these libraries will help you understand how the language affects libraries

# What the com-lihaoyi platform needs from Scala

1. What is the com-lihaoyi platform
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